

STUDENT NAME :

REGISTRATION NO.....

ROLL NO. :

ASSIGNMENT PAPER : 1st

SUBJECT : CHILD PSYCHOLOGY

SECTION-A

Que : What is the impact of school on development of child personality ?

Ans : School and child Development :- A child's personality is influenced by his school where he comes into contact with his teacher and his colleagues. At home the child's ideals are his parents and in school he forms his ideals around his teachers. A child hates a teacher who is cruel and use the stick putting it briefly every quality behaviour of teacher towards child, leaves, some influence upon the child's mind.

Influence of Playmates and Class fellows :-

Normally, the child's class fellow in school his/her playmates and friends, though sometimes child makes friends with children belonging to other classes. The same thing happened when two children of different age level comes into contact.

Influence of Group on the Child :-

Individual influences do count but the most important influence upon the child in school is the influence of the group of his/her colleges in the play ground. A child's functions in any such group co-incidence with his/her personality, while they performing of his/her function influences his personality.

Growth of Community and Sentiments :-

Modern psychology does not credit the existence of any group mind distinct from the mind of individual, but the group situations the laws of group behaviour are freely employed. A college is psychological group.

1. Presence of Group :-

A college in its role as a group, should possess certain degree of presence or physical stability. Naturally some students join the college every year while others leave it and some change is always going on the shape of additional building staff members changing there college etc. This can help them to develop a community feeling which is part of their greater community feeling comprehending there society as a whole.

2. Group Study by members and members

Understanding of its duties and functions :-

Each student is the member of college group. He can have community feeling for it only if he learns to regard it as a group realize the duties that he has to perform as student and has knowledge of the college rules and method of working.

SECTION-D

Que : What is material morality ? Throw light on the caused of material morality ?

Ans : Population change has been defined in terms of morality fertility and migration. According to united nation morality is the percentage of the death in the population. Death has been defined by the world health organization as follows. Death of life at any time, after birth has taken place of vital functions without capacity of recuperation. Death period to a live birth is not included morality is known as still birth.

*Courses:-

1. Biological Factors :- Biological factors included in age of mother order of birth. These may be classified into indigenous factors. These includes besides the factors mentioned above weight at birth multiple birth or premature birth etc. It has been observe that rates are higher younger age of the mother at first priority and for the first birth order similar is the factor of the weight of the baby at birth in 1950 low weight was the cause of 2/3 ratio. Factors are also known as genetic factors.

2. Environment or Erogenous Courses :-

These include social culture economic and environmental factor some of the course of high morality, most of the post neonates death are due to communicable diseases. Such as diarries and pneumonia etc. The adverse environment factors including concession lack of sufficient sunshine and fresh air.

It should be remembered that biological and environmental factors. Both the factors have there roles. Almost everywhere on the other hand in development counties biological factors in India. Kerela has the lowest infant morality rate. Among Hindus it various in different caste with higher caste showing low morality.

SECTION-C

Que : What are the elements ? Which are essential in food write an essay on protein ?

Ans : Constituents or ingredients of Food :-

These following are the main ingredients of food :-

- a) Proteins
- b) Carbohydrates
- c) Fats
- d) Mineral Salts
- e) Vitamins and Water

1. PROTEINS :- *Meaning of protein

These are complex compounds of carbon, hydrogen, oxygen and sulphur.

- Sources of Proteins:-

There are only available sources of nitrogen and are often called nitrogenous food substance. Some of these contain phosphorous and iron. These are most complex chemical structure than carbohydrates and fats.

Proteins are available from two sources, vegetables kingdom and animal kingdom but vegetables protein as available in original diet are not easily digested and utilize like protein is meat. Chief sources of vegetables proteins are cereals and lentils. Wheat and wheat flour, pulses, rice peas, beans especially , soya beans and peanuts. Protein of milk and milk products, eggs, fish poultry such as chicken and fowl, glandular meat like liver, kidney etc. are specially valuable.

- Uses of Protein:-

Proteins supply building material to the body proteins are also known as tissues builders of the body. They build up the body defense against infections in the absence of fats in the diet.

